

# Omnes gentes

Edited by Jason Smart

Christopher Tye (c.1505-c.1572)

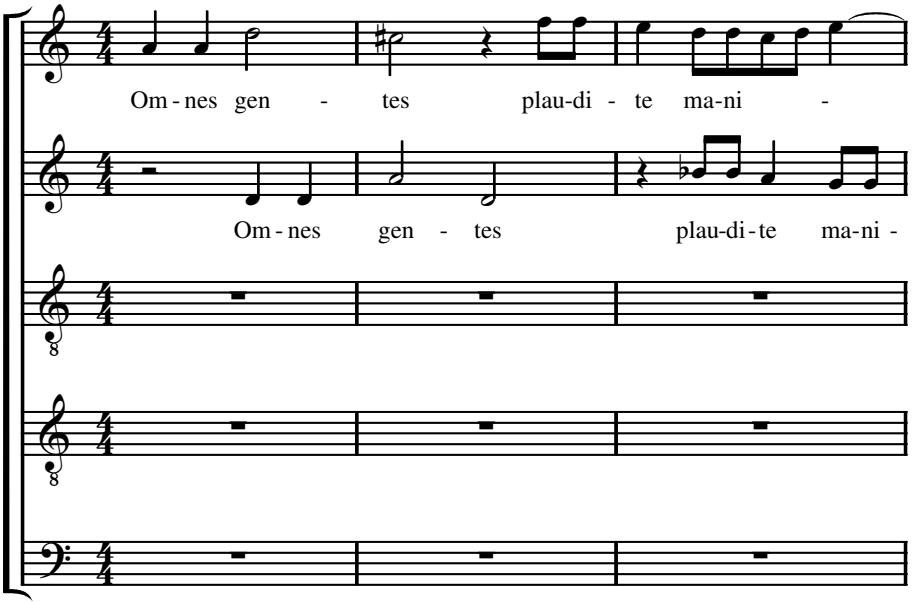
Treble      

Mean      

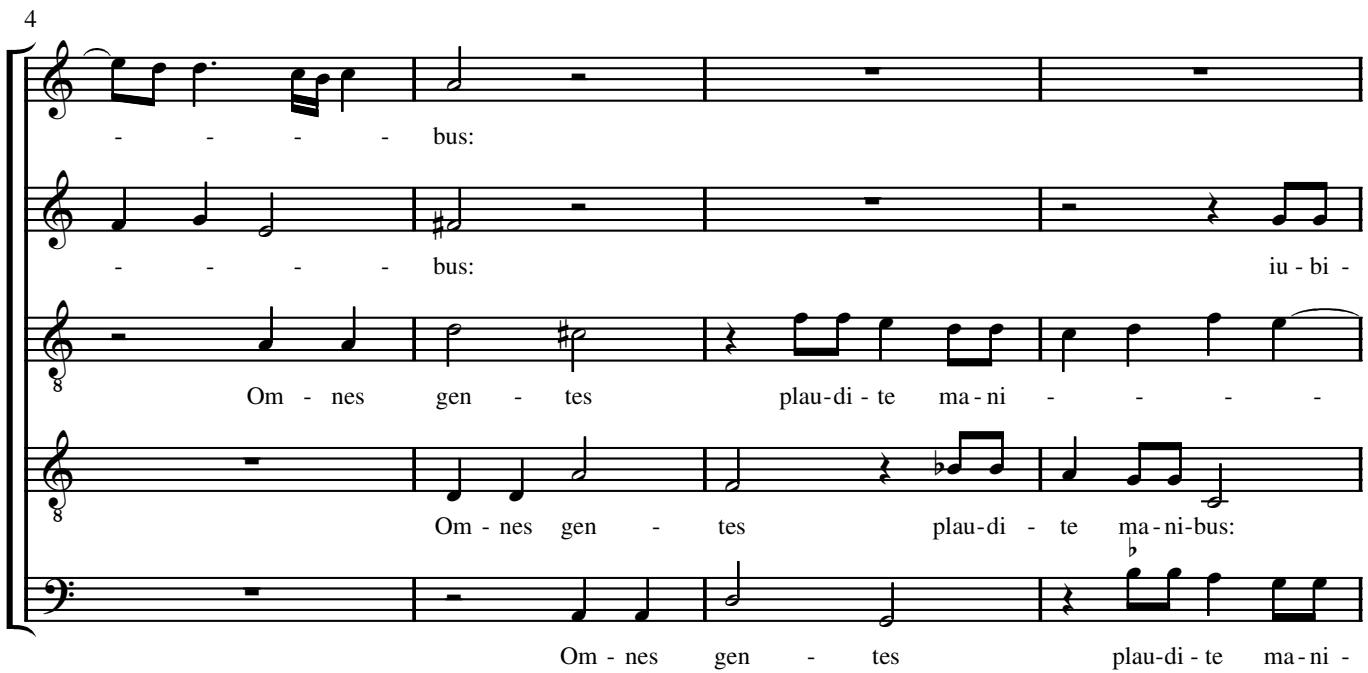
Countertenor      

Tenor      

Bass      



4



8

i u - b i - l a - t e   D e - - - - o   i n v o - c e e x - u l -  
 - l a - t e   D e - o,   i u - b i - l a - t e   D e - o   i n v o - c e e x - u l - t a - t i -  
 - - - - b u s:   i u - b i - l a - t e   D e - o,   D e -  
 - - - - b u s:   i u - b i - l a - t e   D e -

12

- t a - t i - o - o - o   i n v o - c e e x - u l - t a - t i - o - o   i n v o - c e e x - u l - t a - t i - o - o   i n v o - c e e x - u l - t a - t i - o -

16

- nis.   Quo - ni-am   Do - mi-nus   ex - cel - sus   ter - ri - bi -  
 - nis.   Quo - ni-am   Do - mi - nus   ex - cel - sus   ter - ri - bi-lis:  
 - nis.  
 - nis.  
 - nis.  
 - nis.

21

lis: rex ma - gnus su - per o - mnem ter - ram.

rex ma - gnus su - per o - mnem ter - - - ram.

Sub - ie - cit po -

Sub -

26

Sub - ie - cit po - pu-los no - - - - - bis,

- pu-los no - bis, po - pu-los no - - - - - bis, et

- ie - cit, sub - ie - cit po - pu-los no - - - - - bis, et gen -

31

E -

E -

et gen - tes sub pe - di - bus no - - stris. E -

gen - tes sub pe - di - bus no - - stris. E -

tes sub pe - di - bus no - - stris. E -

36

- le - git no - bis hae - re - di - ta - tem su - am:  
- le - git no - bis hae - re - di - ta - tem su - am: spe -  
8 - le - git no - bis hae - re - di - ta - tem su - am: spe - ci-em Ja -  
8 - le - git no - bis hae - re - di - ta - tem su - am: spe - ci-em Ja - - -  
- le - git no - bis hae - re - di - ta - tem su - am: spe - ci-em

41

spe - ci-em Ja - cob quem di - le - xit. A - scen - dit  
- ci-em Ja - cob quem di - le - xit. A - scen - dit De - us  
8 - cob quem di - le - xit.  
8 - cob quem di - le - xit.  
Ja - cob quem di - le - xit.

46

De - us in iu - bi-lo, et Do - mi-nus in vo - ce tu - bae,  
in iu - bi-lo, et Do - mi - nus in vo - ce tu - bae,  
8  
8 A - scen - dit De -

A -

51

A - scen - dit De - us in iu - bi - lo, et Do - mi-nus in  
 - us in iu - bi - lo, et Do - mi-nus in vo - ce tu -  
 - scen - dit De - us in iu - bi - lo, et Do - mi - nus in vo - ce tu -

56

et Do - mi-nus in vo - ce tu - bae.  
 et Do - mi - nus in vo - ce tu - bae.  
 vo - ce tu - bae.  
 - bae, et Do - mi - nus in vo - ce tu - bae.  
 - bae.

61

Psal - li - te De - o no - stro, psal - li - te: psal - li - te re -  
 Psal - li - te De - o no - stro, psal - li - te: psal - li - te

64

- gi no - stro, psal - li - - - te.  
re - gi no - stro, psal - li - - te.  
Psal - li - te De - o no-stro, psal - li - te De - o  
Psal - li - te  
Psal - li - te De - o

68

Quo-ni -  
no-stro, psal - li - te: psal - li - te re - gi no - stro, psal - li - - -  
De - o no - stro, psal - li - te: psal - li - te re - gi no - stro, psal - li - - -  
De - o no - stro, psal - li - te: psal - li - te re - gi no - stro, psal - li - - -

72

- am rex o - mnis ter - rae De - us: psal - li - te  
Quo-ni-am rex o - mnis ter - rae De - us: psal - li - te  
Quo-ni-am rex o - mnis ter - rae De - us:  
Quo-ni - am rex o - mnis ter - rae De -  
Quo-ni - am rex o - mnis ter - rae De - us:

82

tes:  
- vit De - us su per \_ gen - tes: De - us se - det su - per se - dem  
De - us su - per gen - tes: De - us  
us su - per gen - tes: De - us se - det su - per se - dem san -  
- vit De - us su - per gen - tes:

87

De - us se - det su - per se - dem san - ctam  
san - ctam su - am, De - us se - det su - per se - dem san - ctam su -  
se - det su - per se - dem san - ctam su - am, se - det su - per se - dem  
- - - - - ctam su - - - - -

De - us se - det su - per

92

su - am. Prin - ci-pes po - pu -  
am. Prin - ci-pes po - pu - lo -  
— san etam su - am. Prin - ci-pes po - pu - lo -  
am. Prin - ci-pes po - pu - lo -  
se - dem san - ctam su - am. Prin - ci-pes po - pu - lo -

97

- lo - rum con - gre - ga - ti sunt cum De - o A - bra -  
- rum con - gre - ga - ti sunt cum De - o A - bra - ham:  
- rum con - gre - ga - ti sunt cum De - o A - bra - ham,  
- rum con - gre - ga - ti sunt cum De - o A - bra -  
- rum con - gre - ga - ti sunt cum De - o A - bra - ham:

102

- ham: quo - ni-am di - i for - tes ter - - - rae ve-he-men-ter  
quo - ni-am di - i for - tes ter - - - rae  
- ham: quo - ni-am di - i for - tes ter - rae ve-he - men - ter e - le - va - ti sunt,  
- ham: quo - ni-am di - i for - tes ter - rae ve-he - men - ter e - le -  
— quo - ni-am di - i for - tes ter - - - rae

107

e - le - va - ti sunt,  
ve - he - men - ter e - le - va - ti sunt,  
ve - he - men - ter e - le - va - ti sunt,  
ve - he - men - ter e - le - va - ti sunt,

111

ve - he - men - ter e - le - va - ti sunt,  
ve - he - men - ter e - le - va - ti sunt,  
ve - he - men - ter e - le - va - ti sunt,  
ve - he - men - ter e - le - va - ti sunt,

116

e - le - va - ti sunt, e - le - va - ti sunt.  
e - le - va - ti sunt, e - le - va - ti sunt, e - le - va - ti sunt.  
e - le - va - ti sunt, e - le - va - ti sunt, e - le - va - ti sunt.  
e - le - va - ti sunt, e - le - va - ti sunt, e - le - va - ti sunt.

## Translation

O clap you hands together, all ye people : O sing unto God with the voice of melody.  
For the Lord is high, and to be feared : he is the great King upon all the earth.  
He shall subdue the people under us : and the nations under our feet.  
He shall choose out an heritage for us : even the worship of Jacob, whom he loved.  
God is gone up with a merry noise : and the Lord with the sound of the trump.  
O sing praises, sing praises unto out God : O sing praises, sing praises unto our King.  
For God is the King of all the earth : sing ye praises with understanding.  
God reigneth over the heathen : God sitteth upon his holy seat.  
The princes of the people are joined unto the people of the God of Abraham : for God, which is very high exalted, doth defend the earth, as it were with a shield.

(*Book of Common Prayer, Psalm 47*)

## Editorial Conventions

The nomenclature of the voice-parts follows the Tudor convention.

The prefatory staves show the original clef, mensuration symbol and first note for each voice; the piece needed no staff signature.

Editorial accidentals are placed above the notes concerned.

Repeat signs in the underlay have been expanded using italicised text.

Underlay between square brackets is entirely editorial.

## Source

Oxford, Christ Church, Mus. 984–8 (1581–1588 with later additions).

984	(Tr)	no.15	in contents table: D <sup>r</sup> Tie. [later hand]
985	(M)	no.15	at end: D. Tie
986	(Ct)	no.15	[no attribution]
987	(T)	no.15	at end: Doctor Tie
988	(B)	no.15	[no attribution]

## Notes on the Readings of the Source

Minor ambiguities of underlay have mostly been tacitly corrected, but a few, where alternative readings are worth considering, have been noted below. As with some other English works thought to have been copied from mid-sixteenth-century archetypes, Tye's motet contains some accidentals that, while melodically logical, make little or no harmonic sense. In view of his quirky penchant for unexpected cadences, evident here at bars 4–5 and 43–44, the sharp in the Tenor part at bar 71 has been allowed to stand, but it remains suspect and may be deleted if preferred.

In the notes below, each reference to a bar or group of bars is separated by an oblique stroke. Within these references multiple readings in the same voice are separated by a comma and readings in different voices by a semicolon. The order within each entry is: (1) bar number(s); (2) voice(s); (3) reading of the source (with any subsequent bar numbers in brackets). Pitches are in capital letters, preceded by a number where necessary, e.g. <sup>1</sup>D = first note D in the bar (or group of bars). The sign + denotes a tie.

## Accidentals

28 T # for G / 34 Ct # is applied to <sup>1</sup>D in 33 / 80 M # for F / 88 M # is applied to the preceding D / 91 Tr # for C / 95 M # for <sup>2</sup>F / 99 Tr # for F / 116 B ♭ for lower B before <sup>1</sup>G (anticipating ♭ in 117) / 117 B ♭ for B /

## Underlay

36 M slur for <sup>3</sup>AF / 38 M slur for GF / 56–57 T -bae ambiguously positioned below <sup>1</sup>AF<sup>2</sup>C / 65 M slur for <sup>1</sup>E<sup>2</sup>E / 70 T slur for <sup>2</sup>CD / 77–78 Tr slur for FE / 83 M slur for G<sup>1</sup>A; Ct slur for EF; T slur for CA / 83–84 M slur for <sup>2</sup>AD<sup>3</sup>A / 87 M slur for AGFE / 99–100 T -ti sunt below <sup>1</sup>BG / 101–102 B -ham ambiguously positioned below <sup>1</sup>AF<sup>2</sup>A / 103 Tr slur for <sup>1</sup>EF, slur for G<sup>1</sup>E, (104) slur for F<sup>1</sup>D; (103) Ct slur for CD / 104–105 B terrae conjoined below DG+GAG / 110 T sunt ambiguously positioned below DG / 114 T -ti below E (not in 113) /

## Other Readings

24 M F is a corrected G / 58 Tr <sup>2</sup>G is amended (incorrectly?) to F; M B is a corrected C / 60 Tr M 'Perge' [continue] after barline at end of page; B 'Verte' [turn] after barline at end of page / 83 M D is a corrected F / 108 T <sup>1</sup>A is G / 114 Tr <sup>2</sup>G is F / 116–117 M <sup>2</sup>F<sup>1</sup>F<sup>1</sup>G<sup>1</sup>G<sup>1</sup>F omitted but insertion sign after <sup>1</sup>F refers to the end of the piece where the missing notes are entered. /