



JEAN MIGNON  
(c.1640 – 1708)

MISSA LÆTITIA SEMPITERNA  
(1707)

KYRIE  
GLORIA  
CREDO  
SANCTUS & BENEDICTUS  
AGNUS DEI

Performance edition by William Evans, 2020

## Editor's Note

Performance edition by William Evans, 2020. Transcribed from Mignon, Jean (c.1640–1708). Missa quatuor vocibus cui titulus: Lætitia sempiterna. Paris: Christophe Ballard, 1707. Source: gallica.bnf.fr / Bibliothèque nationale de France.

Original key and note values.

Editorial organ accompaniment provided to be used as desired.

Final words of Agnus Dei changed to ‘dona nobis pacem.’

The symbol ‘T’ denotes tremblement; for contemporary performance practice information on ornamentation see:  
Loulié, Étienne (1654–1702). Elements ou Principes de musique, mis dans un nouvel ordre. Paris: Christophe Ballard, 1696.  
<https://gallica.bnf.fr/ark:/12148/bpt6k15178937>

Suggested tempo indications:

Kyrie

Adagio  $\text{♩} = 60$

Gloria

Allegro  $\text{♩} = 120$

Credo

Allegro  $\text{♩} = 120$

Solenne [( $\bullet = \bullet$ ),  $\text{♩} = 80$ ]

Allegro  $\text{♩} = 120$

Sanctus & Benedictus

Adagio  $\text{♩} = 60$

Agnus Dei

Adagio  $\text{♩} = 60$

# MISSA LÆTITIA SEMPITERNA

## KYRIE

Jean Mignon

## **Adagio**

Soprano

Alto

Tenor

Bass

Organ

5

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.

10

Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - - - - - ste e - le - i -

Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - - - - - ste e - le - i -

Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - - - - - ste e - le - i -

Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, Chri - - - - - ste e - le - i -

14

son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son.

son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son.

son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son.

son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i - son.

18

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son,

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son,

22

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.

Ky - ri - e e - - - le - i - son.

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.

## GLORIA

Allegro

Et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus,  
 Et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus,  
 Glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o.

4  
 bo - næ vo - lun - ta - tis.  
 bo - næ vo - lun - ta - tis.  
 Lau - da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te, a -  
 Lau - da - mus te, be - ne - di - ci - mus te,

9  
 Gra - ti -  
 Gra - ti -  
 do - ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te. Gra - ti -  
 a - do - ra - mus te, glo - ri - fi - ca - mus te. Gra - ti -

14

as a - gi - mus ti - bi prop - ter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am,  
as a - gi - mus ti - bi prop - ter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am,  
8 as a - gi - mus ti - bi prop - ter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am,

19

Do - mi - ne De - us, Rex cæ - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter om - ni - potens. Do - mi - ne Fi - li  
Do - mi - ne De - us, Rex cæ - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter om - ni - potens. Do - mi - ne Fi - li  
8 Do - mi - ne De - us, Rex cæ - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter om - ni - potens. Do - mi - ne Fi - li

24

u - ni - ge - ni - te, Je - su Chri - ste. Do - mi - ne  
u - ni - ge - ni - te, Je - su Chri - ste. Do - mi - ne  
8 u - ni - ge - ni - te, Je - su Chri - ste. Do - mi - ne

29

De - us, A - gnus De - i, Fi - li - us Pa - tris. Qui tol -

De - us, A - gnus De - i, Fi - li - us Pa - tris.

8 De - us, A - gnus De - i, Fi - li - us Pa - tris.

De - us, A - gnus De - i, Fi - li - us Pa - tris.

34

lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, pec - ca - ta mun - di, mi - se - re - re,

Qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, mi - se -

8

39

mi - se - re - re no - bis.

re - re, mi - se - re - re no - bis.

8 Qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta

Qui tol -

44

8 mun - di, pec - ca - ta mun - di, su - sci - pe, de -  
lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, su - sci - pe

49

Qui se - des ad dex - te - ram  
Qui se - des ad dex - te - ram  
8 pre - ca - ti - o - nem no - stram. Qui se - des ad dex - te - ram  
de - pre - ca - ti - o - nem no - stram. Qui se - des ad dex - te - ram

54

Pa - tris, mi - se - re - re no - bis. Quo - ni -  
Pa - tris, mi - se - re - re no - bis. Quo - ni -  
8 Pa - tris, mi - se - re - re no - bis.  
Pa - tris, mi - se - re - re no - bis.

59

am tu so - lus San - ctus. Tu so - lus Al - tis -  
am tu so - lus San - ctus. Tu so - lus Al - tis - si -  
8 Tu so - lus Do - mi - nus. Tu so - lus Al - tis - si -  
Tu so - lus Do - mi - nus. Tu so - lus Al - tis - si -

64

- si - mus, Je - su Chri - ste. Cum San - cto  
mus, Je - su Chri - ste. Cum San - cto  
8 mus, Je - su Chri - ste. Cum San - cto  
mus, Je - su Chri - ste. Cum San - cto

69

Spi - ri - tu in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris. A - men.  
Spi - ri - tu in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris. A - men.  
8 Spi - ri - tu in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris. A - men.  
Spi - ri - tu in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris. A - men.

## CREDO

*Allegro*

Music score for the first section of the Credo, featuring three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The key signature changes between G major (two sharps) and E major (one sharp). The time signature is mostly common time (indicated by '8'). The vocal parts sing the Latin creed in unison, with the bass part providing harmonic support.

Pa - trem om - ni - po-ten - tem, fac - to - rem cæ -  
 Pa - trem om - ni - po-ten - tem, fac - to - rem cæ -  
 Pa - trem om - ni - po-ten - tem, fac - to - rem cæ -  
 Cre - do in u - num De - um. Pa - trem om - ni - po-ten - tem, fac - to - rem cæ -

5

Music score for the second section of the Credo, continuing from the previous section. The vocal parts sing the Latin creed in unison, with the bass part providing harmonic support. The bass part has a prominent role in this section, particularly in the lower notes.

li et ter - ræ, vi - si - bi - li - um om - ni - um et in - vi - si - bi - li -  
 li et ter - ræ, vi - si - bi - li - um om - ni - um et in - vi - si - bi - li -  
 li et ter - ræ, vi - si - bi - li - um om - ni - um et in - vi - si - bi - li -  
 li et ter - ræ.

II

Music score for the third section of the Credo, continuing from the previous section. The vocal parts sing the Latin creed in unison, with the bass part providing harmonic support. The bass part has a prominent role in this section, particularly in the lower notes.

um. Et in u - num Do - mi - num Je - sum Chri - stum, Fi - li - um  
 um. Et in u - num Do - mi - num Je - sum Chri - stum, Fi - li - um  
 um. Et in u - num Do - mi - num Je - sum Chri - stum, Fi - li - um  
 Et in u - num Do - mi - num Je - sum Chri - stum, Fi - li - um

17

De - i u - ni - ge - ni - tum, et ex Pa - tre na - tum  
De - i u - ni - ge - ni - tum, et ex Pa - tre na - tum  
8 De - i u - ni - ge - ni - tum, et ex Pa - tre na - tum  
De - i u - ni - ge - ni - tum, et ex Pa - tre na - tum

23

an - te om - ni - a sæ - cu - la. De - um de De - o, lu -  
an - te om - ni - a\_\_\_\_ sæ - cu - la. De - um de De - o, lu -  
8 an - te om - ni - a\_\_\_\_ sæ - cu - la. De - um de De - o, lu -  
an - te om - ni - a\_\_\_\_ sæ - cu - la. Lu -

29

men de lu - mi - ne, De - um ve - rum de De - o ve - ro. Ge - ni - tum, non fac -  
men de lu - mi - ne, De - um ve - rum de De - o ve - ro. Ge - ni - tum, non fac -  
8 men de lu - mi - ne, de De - o ve - ro. Ge - ni - tum, non fac -  
men de lu - mi - ne. Ge - ni - tum, non fac -  
Ge - ni - tum, non fac -

35

tum, con - sub - stan - ti - a - lem Pa - tri: per quem om - ni - a fac - ta sunt. Qui  
 tum, con - sub - stan - ti - a - lem Pa - tri: per quem om - ni - a fac - ta sunt. Qui  
 8 tum, con - sub - stan - ti - a - lem Pa - tri: per quem om - ni - a fac - ta sunt. Qui  
 tum, per quem om - ni - a fac - ta sunt. Qui

42

prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop-ter no - stram sa - lu - tem de-scen - dit de cæ -  
 prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop-ter no - stram sa - lu - tem de-scen - dit de cæ -  
 8 prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop-ter no - stram sa - lu - tem de-scen - dit de cæ -  
 prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop-ter no - stram sa - lu - tem de-scen - dit de cæ -  
 prop - ter nos ho - mi-nes et prop-ter no - stram sa - lu - tem de-scen - dit de cæ -

48

Solenne  
(o.=o)

lis. Et in - car - na - tus est de \_\_\_\_\_  
 lis. Et in - car - na - tus est de \_\_\_\_\_ Spi - ri - tu  
 8 lis.  
 lis. Et in - car -

58

Sancto exercit Maria - ri - a Virgin - gine: et

Sancto exercit Maria - ri - a Virgin - gine:

Sancto exercit Maria - ri - a Virgin - gine: et

Sancto exercit Maria - ri - a Virgin - gine: et

Sancto exercit Maria - ri - a Virgin - gine: et

64

ho - mo fac - tus est, ho - mo fac - tus est.  
et ho - mo, ho - mo fac - tus est.  
— ho - mo et ho - mo fac - tus est.  
et ho - mo, ho - mo fac - tus est.

70

Cru - ci - fi - xus e - ti - am pro no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la -  
Cru - ci - fi - xus e - ti - am pro no - bis sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la -

75

to: pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est.  
to: pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est.

80 Allegro

Et re - sur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e se - cun - dum scrip - tu - ras. Et a -  
Et re - sur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e se - cun - dum scrip - tu - ras. Et a -

85

Et i - te -

scen - dit in cæ - lum: se - det ad dex - te - ram Pa - tris. Et i - te -

scen - dit in cæ - lum: se - det ad dex - te - ram Pa - tris. Et i - te -

90

rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo - ri - a iu - di - ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os:

rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo - ri - a iu - di - ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os:

rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo - ri - a iu - di - ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os:

rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo - ri - a iu - di - ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os:

96

cu - ius re - gni non e - rit fi - nis, non e - rit fi -

cu - ius re - gni non e - rit fi - nis, non e - rit fi -

cu - ius re - gni non e - rit fi - nis, non e - rit fi -

cu - ius re - gni non e - rit fi -

101

nis. Et in Spi - ri - tum San - - ctum Do - mi - num et vi - vi - fi - can -

nis. Et in Spi - ri - tum San - - ctum Do - mi - num et vi - vi - fi - can -

nis. Et in Spi - ri - tum San - - etum Do - mi - num et vi - vi - fi - can -

nis. Et in Spi - ri - tum San - - etum Do - mi - num et vi - vi - fi - can -

nis. Et in Spi - ri - tum San - - etum Do - mi - num et vi - vi - fi - can -

nis. Et in Spi - ri - tum San - - etum Do - mi - num et vi - vi - fi - can -

106

tem: qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o - que pro - ce - - dit. Qui cum

tem: qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o - que pro - ce - - dit. Qui cum

tem: qui ex Pa - tre Fi - li - o - que pro - ce - - dit.

tem:

Pa - tre, et Fi - li - o si - - - mul a - do -

III

Pa - tre, et Fi - li - o si - - - mul a - do -

Pa - tre, et Fi - li - o si - mul a - - - do -

Pa - tre, et Fi - li - o si - mul a - - - do - ra -

Pa - tre, et Fi - li - o si - mul a - - - do -

Pa - tre, et Fi - li - o si - - - mul a - do -

116

ra - - - tur, et con - glo - ri - fi - ca  
 ra - - - tur, et con - glo - ri - fi - ca  
 8 tur, et con - glo - ri - fi - ca

ra - - - tur, et con - glo - ri - fi - ca - - - - -

8

121

tur: qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam  
 tur: qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam  
 8 tur: qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam

tur: qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam

126

san - ctam ca - tho - li - cam et a - po - sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si -  
 san - ctam ca - tho - li - cam et a - po - sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si -  
 8 san - ctam ca - tho - li - cam et a - po - sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si -

san - etam ca - tho - li - cam et a - po - sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si -

131

am. Con - fi - te - or u - num bap - tis - ma, con -  
am. Con - fi - te - or, con - fi - te - or u -  
8 am. Con - fi - te - or u - num bap -  
am. Con - fi - te - or u - num bap - tis -  
am. Con - fi - te - or u - num bap - tis -

136

fi - te - or u - num bap - tis - ma, u -  
num bap - tis - ma, con - fi - te - or u - num bap -  
8 tis - ma, con - fi - te - or u -  
ma, con - fi - te - or u - num bap -  
ma, con - fi - te - or u - num bap -

141

num bap - tis - ma in re - mis - si - o - nem pec - ca -  
tis - ma in re - mis - si - o - nem pec - ca - to -  
8 num bap - tis - ma in re - mis - si - o - nem pec - ca -  
tis - ma in re - mis - si - o - nem pec - ca - to -  
ma in re - mis - si - o - nem pec - ca - to -

146

to - - - rum, et ex - pec - to  
rum, et ex - pec - to re - sur -  
to - - - rum, et ex - - - pec - to  
rum, et ex - pec - to

8

151

re - sur - rec - ti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum. Et vi - tam ven -  
rec - ti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum. Et vi - tam, et  
8  
re - sur - rec - ti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri sæ - cu -  
re - sur - rec - ti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri sæ - cu -

156

tu - ri sæ - cu - li, sæ - cu - li. A - men.  
vi - tam ven - tu - ri sæ - cu - li. A - men.  
8 tam ven - tu - ri sæ - cu - li. A - - - men.  
li. A - - - men.

## SANCTUS &amp; BENEDICTUS

**Adagio**

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in treble clef (C), and the bottom two are in bass clef (F). The key signature changes from C major to F major at measure 5. The vocal parts sing "Sanctus, Sanctus, Sanctus, Dominus Deus Sabaoth." The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

5

The vocal parts continue with "Sanctus, Sanctus, Sanctus, Dominus Deus Sabaoth. Ple ni sunt sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, dominus deus, deus Sabaoth. Ple ni sunt sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, dominus deus Sabaoth." The piano accompaniment maintains its harmonic function with sustained notes and chords.

10

The vocal parts begin the Benedictus section with "cæli et terra glo - ri - a tu - a. O - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o -". The piano accompaniment continues to provide harmonic support. The vocal parts repeat "cæli et terra glo - ri - a tu - a. O - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na" and then sing "O - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na". The piano accompaniment concludes with a final cadence.

15

san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis.

in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis.

cel - sis, o - san - na, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis.

in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis.

20

Be - ne - di - - - ctus qui ve - nit, qui ve -

Be - ne - di - - - ctus qui ve - nit, be - ne - di -

8 Be - ne - di - - - ctus qui ve - nit, be - ne - di -

25

nit, be - ne - di - - - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

nit, be - ne - di - - - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do -

8 ctus, be - ne - di - - - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

30

Do - mi - ni, in \_\_\_\_\_ no - mi - ne Do - mi -  
 Do - mi - ni, in \_\_\_\_\_ no - mi - ne Do - mi -  
 Do - mi - ni, in no - mi - ne Do - mi -

The score consists of four staves. The top three staves are soprano, alto, and tenor voices in treble clef, each with lyrics. The bottom staff is a basso continuo staff with a bass clef, showing harmonic changes indicated by Roman numerals I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, and I.

34

ni. O - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na in ex -  
 ni. O - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel -  
 ni. O - san - na, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o -  
 O - san - na in ex - cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel -  
 cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis.

The score consists of four staves. The top three staves are soprano, alto, and tenor voices in treble clef, each with lyrics. The bottom staff is a basso continuo staff with a bass clef, showing harmonic changes indicated by Roman numerals I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, and I.

38

cel - sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis.  
 sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis.  
 san - na, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis.  
 sis, o - san - na in ex - cel - sis.

The score consists of four staves. The top three staves are soprano, alto, and tenor voices in treble clef, each with lyrics. The bottom staff is a basso continuo staff with a bass clef, showing harmonic changes indicated by Roman numerals I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, and I.

## AGNUS DEI

Adagio

Musical score for the first section of Agnus Dei, Adagio. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in treble clef (G), and the bottom two are in bass clef (F). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The vocal parts sing "Agnus Dei, qui tollis pecata mun-di," followed by a repeat sign and a section where all parts play eighth-note patterns. The bass part has a prominent eighth-note pattern in the middle section.

5

Musical score for the second section of Agnus Dei. The vocal parts sing "misere-re-re no-bis." This is followed by a section where the vocal parts play eighth-note patterns, and the bass part has a prominent eighth-note pattern. The vocal parts then sing "Agnus Dei, qui tollis pecata mun-di," followed by another section of eighth-note patterns.

10

Musical score for the third section of Agnus Dei. The vocal parts sing "Agnus Dei, qui tollis pecata mun-di," followed by a section where the vocal parts play eighth-note patterns, and the bass part has a prominent eighth-note pattern. The vocal parts then sing "misere-re-re no-bis." This is followed by another section of eighth-note patterns.

15

lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, do - na no - - - bis, do - na  
 lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, do - na no - - - bis, do -  
 8 lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, do - na no - bis pa - cem, do -  
 lis pec - ca - ta mun - di, do - na no - bis, do - na

20

no - - - - bis pa - - - - cem.  
 - - na no - - - - bis pa - - - - cem.  
 8 - - na no - - - - bis pa - - - - cem.  
 no - - - - bis pa - - - - cem.

ORGAN

# MISSA LÆTITIA SEMPITERNA

## KYRIE

Jean Mignon

Arr. W. Evans

Adagio

The musical score consists of six systems of organ music. System 1 (measures 1-4) starts in C minor (two sharps) and transitions to G major (one sharp). System 2 (measures 5-8) continues in G major. System 3 (measures 9-12) returns to C minor. System 4 (measures 13-16) ends in E major (one sharp). System 5 (measures 17-20) begins in E major. System 6 (measures 21-24) concludes in E major. The score uses two staves: treble and bass. Measure numbers 5, 10, 14, 18, and 22 are indicated above the staves.

5

10

14

18

22

Christe

Kyrie

## GLORIA

**Allegro**

Musical score for measures 2-3. The vocal line begins with a dotted half note followed by an eighth note. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords in the right hand and eighth-note patterns in the left hand.

Glo-ri - a \_ in \_ex - cel-sis De-o.

Musical score for measures 4-5. The vocal line consists of eighth notes. The piano accompaniment includes eighth-note chords and eighth-note patterns in the bass line.

Laudamus te

Musical score for measures 6-7. The vocal line features eighth notes. The piano accompaniment includes eighth-note chords and eighth-note patterns in the bass line.

Gratias

Musical score for measures 8-9. The vocal line consists of eighth notes. The piano accompaniment includes eighth-note chords and eighth-note patterns in the bass line.

Musical score for measures 10-11. The vocal line consists of eighth notes. The piano accompaniment includes eighth-note chords and eighth-note patterns in the bass line.

Musical score for measures 12-13. The vocal line consists of eighth notes. The piano accompaniment includes eighth-note chords and eighth-note patterns in the bass line.

29

Qui tollis

34

39

Qui tollis

44

49

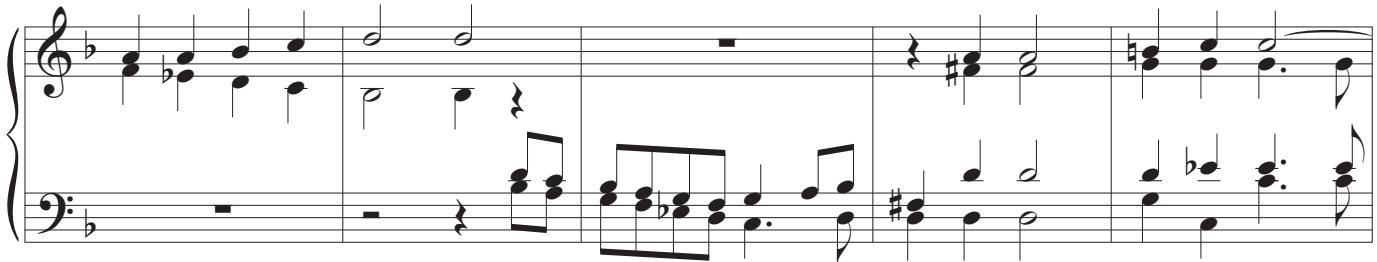
Qui sedes

54

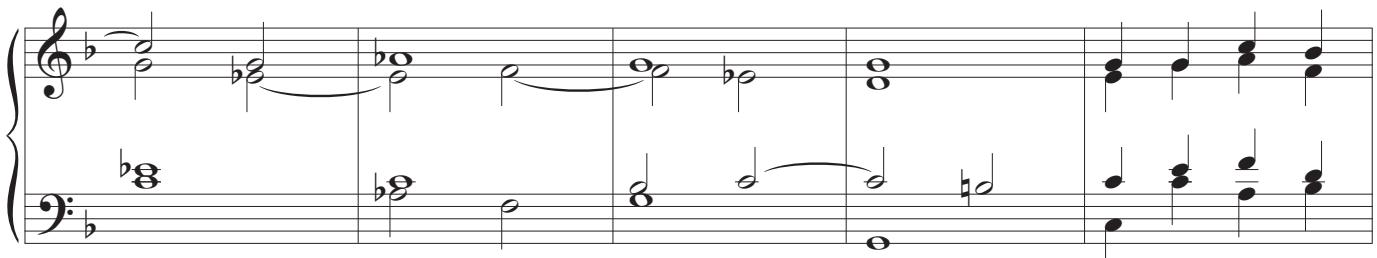
Quoniam

4

59



64



69



## CREDO

Allegro

Musical score for the beginning of the Credo section. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature changes from common time (indicated by '3') to 8/8. The vocal line starts with eighth-note chords in the bass clef, followed by a melodic line in the treble clef.

Cre - do in u - num De - um.

Continuation of the musical score. The key signature changes to two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords and melodic lines. A fermata symbol (T) appears above the vocal line at the end of the measure.

Continuation of the musical score. The key signature changes to one flat (B-flat). The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords and melodic lines.

Continuation of the musical score. The key signature changes to one flat (B-flat). The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords and melodic lines.

Continuation of the musical score. The key signature changes to one sharp (F-sharp). The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords and melodic lines. A fermata symbol (T) appears above the vocal line at the end of the measure.

Deum de Deo

Continuation of the musical score. The key signature changes to one sharp (F-sharp). The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords and melodic lines.

Genitum

6

35

42

48

**Solenne**

(o.=o)

Et incarnatus est

53

58

63

70

Crucifixus

75

80 Allegro

Et resurrexit

85

Et iterum

90

95

8

100

Et in Spiritum

105

110

Qui cum Patre

115

120

125

130

Confiteor

135

140

in remissionem

145

150

155

## SANCTUS &amp; BENEDICTUS

*Adagio*

Musical score for the Sanctus section, measures 10-14. The music is in common time. The key signature changes from C major (no sharps or flats) to G major (one sharp). The vocal parts consist of soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support.

5

Musical score for the Sanctus section, measures 15-19. The vocal parts continue their melodic line, and the piano accompaniment maintains the harmonic progression. The vocal parts sing "Pleni sunt".

10

Musical score for the Osanna section, measures 20-24. The vocal parts sing "Osanna". The piano accompaniment features sustained notes and chords.

15

Musical score for the Osanna section, measures 25-29. The vocal parts sing "Osanna". The piano accompaniment continues with sustained notes and chords.

20

Musical score for the Benedictus section, measures 30-34. The vocal parts sing "Benedictus". The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support.

26

Musical score for the Benedictus section, measures 35-39. The vocal parts sing "Benedictus". The piano accompaniment concludes the section.

32

Two staves of musical notation in common time, key signature of one flat. The top staff consists of two voices: soprano and alto. The soprano has a continuous eighth-note pattern, while the alto provides harmonic support. The bottom staff consists of two voices: bass and tenor. The bass plays sustained notes, and the tenor provides harmonic support. The vocal parts are labeled "Osanna" at the end of the measure.

37

Two staves of musical notation in common time, key signature of one flat. The top staff consists of two voices: soprano and alto. The soprano has a continuous eighth-note pattern, while the alto provides harmonic support. The bottom staff consists of two voices: bass and tenor. The bass plays sustained notes, and the tenor provides harmonic support. The vocal parts are labeled "T" at the end of the measure.

### AGNUS DEI

**Adagio**

Two staves of musical notation in common time, key signature of one flat. The top staff consists of two voices: soprano and alto. The soprano has a continuous eighth-note pattern, while the alto provides harmonic support. The bottom staff consists of two voices: bass and tenor. The bass plays sustained notes, and the tenor provides harmonic support. The vocal parts are labeled "T" at the end of the measure.

7

Two staves of musical notation in common time, key signature of one flat. The top staff consists of two voices: soprano and alto. The soprano has a continuous eighth-note pattern, while the alto provides harmonic support. The bottom staff consists of two voices: bass and tenor. The bass plays sustained notes, and the tenor provides harmonic support. The vocal parts are labeled "Agnus Dei" at the end of the measure.

13

Two staves of musical notation in common time, key signature of one flat. The top staff consists of two voices: soprano and alto. The soprano has a continuous eighth-note pattern, while the alto provides harmonic support. The bottom staff consists of two voices: bass and tenor. The bass plays sustained notes, and the tenor provides harmonic support. The vocal parts are labeled "Agnus Dei" at the end of the measure.

18

Two staves of musical notation in common time, key signature of one flat. The top staff consists of two voices: soprano and alto. The soprano has a continuous eighth-note pattern, while the alto provides harmonic support. The bottom staff consists of two voices: bass and tenor. The bass plays sustained notes, and the tenor provides harmonic support.