

# Francisco López Capillas

Edited by  
Jessica Eucker & Oliver Doyle

EDITION MVSICA ANTICA

Edition Mvsica Antica, Rotherhithe, London.  
© 2023 by Musica Antica Rotherhithe.

This book has been made freely available to facilitate the study and performance of Francisco López Capillasà music.

The manuscript source consulted in the production of this edition can be viewed on bdh.bne.es, made available in a digitised format by the Biblioteca Digital Hispánica.

For more editions of rare music and their performance in London, please visit  
[www.musicaantica.org.uk](http://www.musicaantica.org.uk).

ISMN 979-0-9002478-6-5



9 790900 247865

A standard linear barcode representing the ISBN/ISMN number 979-0-9002478-6-5. Below the barcode, the numbers 9 790900 247865 are printed in a small font.

# Editor's Note

Francisco López Capillas (1608 - 1674) has been called the ‘first great native-New-World composer’.<sup>1</sup> To this day the most extensive research on Capillas and his work has been conducted by Lester D. Brothers, who has written extensively on music in the Spanish possessions of the Americas, and who redacted an article on Capillas’ *Missa Super Scalam Aretinam* from his doctoral thesis.<sup>2</sup>

Capillas was born in Mexico City, and admitted to the choir of Mexico City Cathedral in 1625. By 1643 he was assistant organist at Puebla Cathedral, leaving in 1648. There is no trace of his activity between this date and 1654, when he presented a collection of his works, amongst which was the *Missa Super Scalam Aretinam* to the authorities of Mexico City Cathedral. A little over one month later he was appointed choirmaster and principal organist after the timely death of the incumbent Fabian Ximeno. He continued as choirmaster until his death in 1674. His output includes no less than eight mass and magnificat settings, and a handful of motets can be attributed to him.

## *The Hexachord Mass*

Capillas’ *Missa Super Scalam Aretinam* is one of many extant ‘Hexachord Masses’ utilising the solemnisation system described by Guido of Arezzo (c. 991 – after 1033) as a thematic basis; Capillas weaves ascending and descending 6 note scales throughout the mass, often structured over the use of a hexachord as a *cantus firmus* in one of the parts. Such use of the hexachord was particularly popular in the seventeenth century, whether appearing in solfege-based puns in secular song, mass settings or instrumental toccatas and fantasias *supra ut-re-mi-fa-so-la*. Capillas’ setting, however, verges on what Brothers describes as ‘obsolescence’.<sup>3</sup> The entire mass is composed in *tempus perfectum*, a practice so outdated that it apparently received no small amount of criticism from the singers of Mexico City Cathedral: in a *Declaracion de la Missa*, surviving as a preface to the *Missa* in the choirbook *Mexico City Cathedral VII*, Capillas writes that “Some people criticised this work and to satisfy them, I shall put here the authorities of great masters from whom I learned what has been worked out.”<sup>4</sup> As part of his defence, he also points to six examples in the mass of passages where mensural difficulties were apparently insurmountable without explanation; for each, his cites examples from Richafort, Palestrina,

<sup>1</sup> Lester D. Brothers. “Francisco López Capillas, First Great Native New-World Composer: Reflections on the Discovery of His Will”. *Inter-American Music Review* 10, no. 3, 1989, 101-118. 115.

<sup>2</sup> Lester D. Brothers. “A New-World Hexachord Mass by Francisco López Capillas”.

*Anuario Interamericano de Investigacion Musical*, Vol. 9 (1973), pp. 5-44. Brothers’ thesis, *The Hexachord Mass: 1600-1720*. University of California, 1973) focuses more widely on the Hexachord Mass in the seventeenth and early eighteenth centuries.

<sup>3</sup> Brothers, 1973, 18.

<sup>4</sup> Ibid.

Loyola and Morales amongst others to justify his usage.<sup>5</sup>

### *The Edition*

This edition represents the first typeset edition of the *Missa Super Scalam Aretinam*, based on the copy preserved in M. 2428 at the Madrid Biblioteca Nacional. In *imperfecting* difficult passages, we have followed Brothers' analysis of Capillas' *Declaracion*.<sup>6</sup> The underlay contained in M. 2428 is remarkably precise, if inconsistent, and we have replicated it in its entirety, with the underlay italicised in cases where iteration marks are found in the manuscript. Spelling largely accords with conventional usage, but such divergences as 'terrae' rather than 'terra' in the Gloria have been preserved. Punctuation has been added in accordance with modern usage in order to improve readability, though capitalisation of the Credo's 'Et Incarnatus Est' has been preserved.

Where the Gloria and Credo were effectively divided into movements in the manuscript source, we have chosen not to split systems, and instead mark such occasions with double barlines. As the Osana is set in a different prolation and as a canon, we have chosen to separate it from the Sanctus, and while preserving the instructions for working out the canon noted in M. 2428, we have also chosen to write it out in full.

No underlay or music for the ending of the Agnus Dei, 'dona nobis pacem', exists in M. 2428. This may be rectified by repeating the Agnus Dei in full,

replacing iterations of 'miserere nobis' with 'dona nobis pacem'.

M. 2428 is sparing in supplying accidentals, and these we have suggested, in accordance with the rules of *Musica Ficta*, using accidentals above the note in question. Where accidentals are noted in M. 2428 but appear incongruous (such as in the Sanctus, bar 7, Altus II) we have bracketed them.

The nature of Capillas' theme and his strict adherence to preserving the integrity of its iterations leads to several difficult passages throughout the mass, and as such we have applied corrections only sparingly, and in cases where scribal error seemed obvious. These corrections are indicated by the use of small noteheads.

The *Missa* was given its first performance in modern times by Musica Antica Rotherhithe at Holy Trinity Church, Rotherhithe, London, on 16 December 2022. This edition was made possible by generous support from the Cavalli Foundation, which seeks to advance learning and education in the field of early music.

<sup>5</sup> Ibid, 39. Brothers reproduces Capillas' defence in full.

<sup>6</sup> Ibid, 19-21.

# [KYRIE]

## Francisco López Capillas (1608-1674)

Tiple

Altus

Altus

Tenor

Bassus

Tiple

Altus

Altus

Tenor

Bassus



15

lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei -

lei - son Chri - ste e - lei - son Chri - ste e - lei -

Chri -

lei - son, Chri - ste e - le - i - son

e - lei - son, Chri - ste -

18

- son, Chri - ste e - lei -

son, Chri - ste - e -

- ste - e -

Chri - ste e - le - i - son Chri -

- e - lei - son Chri - ste e - lei -

21

- son, Chri - ste e - lei -

lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei -

lei -

ste e - lei - son,

son, Chri - ste e - lei - son, Chri -

24

ste e - lei - - - - - son.

son, Chri - ste e - lei - - - - - son.

son.

Chri - ste e - lei - - - - - son.

-ste e - lei - - son, Chri - - - - - ste e - - - - - lei - - son.

30

lei - son Ky - rie e - lei - son  
e - lei - son, Ky - ri -  
Ky - rie e - lei - son, Ky -  
Ky - ri -  
rie - lei - son, Ky - rie e - lei -





# [G L O R I A]

*Gloria in excelsis Deo*

Musical score for the Gloria section of a Mass setting, featuring five voices: Tiple, Altus, Alto, Tenor, and Bassus. The music is in common time (indicated by a '2' in a circle) and consists of two systems of music.

The first system starts with the Tiple and continues through the other voices. The lyrics are:

Tiple: Et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus -  
Altus: Et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - ne vo - lun -  
Alto: Et in ter - ra pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - ne vo -  
Tenor: Et  
Bassus: Et in ter - ra

The second system begins with the Bassus and continues through the other voices. The lyrics are:

Bassus: Et in ter - ra  
Tiple: bo - ne vo - lun - ta - tis. Lau - da - mus -  
Altus: ta - - - tis. Lau - da - mus - te, be - ne - di - ci -  
Alto: lun - ta - tis. Lau - da - - - - mus - te, Be -  
Tenor: in ter - - - - - ra

Both systems conclude with the Bassus playing a sustained note.

Continuation of the musical score for the Gloria section, starting from measure 4. The voices are: Tiple, Altus, Alto, Tenor, and Bassus. The music is in common time (indicated by a '2' in a circle).

The lyrics for this section are:

bo - ne vo - lun - ta - tis. Lau - da - mus -  
ta - - - tis. Lau - da - mus - te, be - ne - di - ci -  
lun - ta - tis. Lau - da - - - - mus - te, Be -  
in ter - - - - - ra

pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo - - - - ne vo - lun - ta - - - -

7

te, be - ne - di - ci - mus - - te, a - do - - ra - mus - te,  
 mus - te te, a - do - ra - mus - -  
 ne - di - ci - mus - te, a - do - ra - mus - te, Glo -  
 pax bo -  
 tis. Lau - da - mus-te glo - ri - fi - ca - mus -

10

glo - ri - fi - ca - mus - te, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi  
 te, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi prop - ter mag - nam  
 ri - fi - ca - mus te, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus ti - bi prop - ter  
 ne vo - lun ta - - tis.  
 te, gra - ti - as a - gi - mus - ti - bi prop - ter mag - nam

13

prop - - ter ma - gnam glo - ri - am tu - am, Do -  
 glo - ri - am tu - - am, Do - mi - ne De - us, Rex cel -  
 mag - nam glo - ri - am tu - am Do - mi - ne De - us,  
 Do - mi - ne De - us,  
 glo - ri - am tu - am, Do - mi - ne De - us,

16

mi - ne De - us, Rex ce - le - stis, De - us  
es - tis De - us Pa - ter  
Rex ce - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter om - ni - po -  
Rex ce - le - stis, De - us Pa - ter om - ni - po -  
us, Rex ce - le - stis De - us Pa - ter om - ni - po - tens.

19

Pa - ter om - ni - po -  
Do - mi - ne fi - li u - ni - ge  
tens. Do - mi - ne Do - mi - ne fi - li u - ni -  
tens. Do - mi - ne Fi - li u - ni - ge

Do - mi - ne Fi - li

22

li  
tens.  
ni - te, Ie - su Chri - ste, Ie - su Chri -  
ge ni - te, Ie - su Chri - ste, Ie - su Chri -  
te, Ie - su Chri - ste, Ie - su Chri -

25

Do - mi - ne De - - -  
Ie - su Chri - ste, Do - mi - ne De - us, A - gnus De - - -  
ste Ie - su Chri - ste, Do - - - mi - ne De - - -  
su Chri - - ste, Do - mi - ne De - us A - gnus De - i Fi - - -  
ste Ie - su Chri - ste, Do - mi - ne De - - -

28

A - gnus De - - - i Fi - li - us Pa - - -  
us, Fi - li - us Pa - tris, Fi - li - us Pa - - -  
us, Fi - li - us Pa - - - tris Fi - li - us Pa - - - tris  
us, A - gnus De - - - i Fi - li - us Pa - - - tris Fi - - -

31

tris Fi - li - us Pa - tris, Qui tol - - -  
tris Fi - li - us Pa - tris, Qui tol - lis  
tris, Qui  
Fi - li - us Pa - - - tris, Qui  
li - us Pa - - - tris, Qui tol - - -



46

ti - o - nem no - stram. Qui se - des ad dex - te - ram Pa - tris, Pa -  
se - - - des ad dex - te - ram Pa - - - - tris, mi -  
nem no - stram. Qui se - des ad dex - te - ram Pa - tris,  
pe mi - - se -- re - re -  
stram. No - - - stram Qui se - - des ad dex - ter - ra Pa - tris,

49

tris, mi - se - re - re no - bis. Quo - niam tu -  
- se - re - re no - bis. Quo - ni - am tu - so - lus sanc - tus tu -  
mi - se - re - re - no -  
mi - se - re - re - no -  
mi - se - re - re - no -



61

A - men, A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -  
ris A - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -  
men A - men, A - men, A - men, A - men,  
De - us Pa -  
- i Pa - tris, A - men, A - men, A - men, A -

64

- - men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A -  
men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa -  
A - men, A - men, A - men, A - men,  
tris, A - men.

67

men, in glo - ri - a De - i Pa - tris, A - men, A - men.  
tris, A - men, A - men, A - men.  
De - i Pa - tris A - men, A - men, A - men.  
men, A - men.

# [C R E D O]

*Credo in unum Deum*

Musical score for the first section of the Credo, featuring five voices: Tiple, Altus, Alto, Tenor, and Bassus. The music is in common time (indicated by '6' over '2') and consists of two staves. The first staff begins with a rest followed by a dotted half note. The second staff begins with a dotted half note. The lyrics are:

Tiple: Pa - trem om - ni - po - ten - tem, fac - to -

Altus: Pa - trem om - ni - po - ten - tem, fac - to - rem cae - li et ter -

Altus: Pa - trem om - ni - po - ten - tem, fac - to - - - - rem

Tenor: Pa - trem om - ni - po - ten - tem,

Bassus: Pa

Musical score for the second section of the Credo, continuing from the previous section. The music is in common time (indicated by '4'). It consists of four staves. The lyrics are:

rem cae - - - - li et ter - rae, et ter -

rae, vi - si - bi - li - um om - ni - um, et in - vi - si - bi - li -

cae - li et ter - rae, vi - si - bi - li - um om - ni -

fac - to - rem cae - li et ter - rae, vi - si - bi - li -

trem om

7

rae, vi - si - bi - li - um om - ni - um, et in -

- um. Et in u - num Do - - mi - num Ie -

um, et in - vi - si - bi - li - um et in u -

um om - ni - um, et in - vi - bi - li - um,

ni - po - ten -

10

vi - si - bi - li - um. Et in u num Do -

sum Chri - stum fi - li - um De - i u - ni - ge -

num. Do - mi - num Ie - sum Chri -

Et in - u - num Do - mi - num Ie - sum

tem, fac

13

mi - num Ie - sum Chris -

ni - tum. Et ex - Pa - tre - na -

stum Fi - li - um

Chri - stum Fi - li - um De - i u - ni -

to - rem

15

tum Fi - li-um De - i u - ni - ge - ni tum. Et ex Pa - tre na - tum an -  
 tum an - te om - ni - a se - cu - la. Lu - men de lu - mi -  
 De - i u - ni - ge - ni tum. Et ex Pa - tre na - tum an - te om - ni -  
 ge - ni - tum. Et ex Pa - tre na - tum an - te om - ni -  
 cae - - - - li

18

- te om - ni - a se - cu - la. Lu -  
 ne De - um ve - rum de De - o ve - ro, De - o -  
 ex Pa - - - - tre na - - - -  
 a se - - - - cu - la. Lu - men de lu - mi - ne, De - um  
 et ex Pa - trem na - tum an - te om - ni - a se - - -

21

- men de lu - mi - ne, De um ver - um - de  
 ve - ro. Ge - ni - tum non fac - - tum  
 tum an - te om - ni -  
 ve - rum de De - o ve - ro. ge - ni -  
 cu - la. De - um ve - rum de De - o, ve - ro. ve - ro.

24

De - - - o ve - - ro. Gen - i-tum, non fac - tum, con - sub - stan - ti -  
ge - - - ni -  
- a se - - cu - la. Lu - men de lu - - -  
tum, ge - ni - tum non fac -  
Ge - ni - tum non fac - con sub - stan - ti - a - lem -

27

a - lem Pa - tri: per quem om - ni - a fac - ta sunt. Qui pro - pter nos  
tum non fac -  
- mi-ne De - um\_ ve - - rum De  
tum, con - sub - stan - ti - a - lem Pa - tri: per quem om - ni -  
Pa - tri Pa - tri

30

ho - mi - nes, et pro - pter nos - tram sa - lu - tem, sa - lu - tem, sa - lu -  
- tum per quem  
De - o ve - - - ro. Ge - ni - tum non fac - tum,  
a fac - ta sunt per quem om - ni - a fac - ta sunt. Qui prop - ter  
per quem om - ni - a fac -

33

tem, de - scen - dit de cae - lis, de - scen - dit de  
om - ni - a fac - ta sunt fa - cta sunt. Qui prop - ter  
con sub - stan - ti - a - lem Pa - tri: Per quem om - ni - a  
nos ho - mi - nes, et prop - ter nos - tram sa - lu - tem de - scen - ta  
sunt qui pro - pter nos ho - mi - nes, et prop - ter nos -

36

cae - lis, de - scen - dit de  
nos ho - mi - nes, et prop - ter nos - tram sa - lu -  
fac - ta sunt qui prop - ter nos ho -  
dit de cae - lis de -  
tram sa - lu - tem de - scen - dit

38

cae - lis de - scen - dit de - cae - lis,  
tem de - scen - dit de cae - lis. de - scen - dit  
mi - nes, et prop - ter no stram sa - lu tem de - scen - dit de -  
scen - dit de cae - lis, cae - lis, de - scen - dit de -  
de cae - li de - scen - dit de - de cae -

41

de - scen - dit de cae - lis.  
de cae - lis, de - scen - de cae - lis.  
cae - lis, de - scen - dit de cae - lis.  
de cae - lis, de - scen - dit de cae - lis.  
lis de - scen - dit de cae - lis.

44

ET IN - CAR - NA - TUS EST DE SPI - RI - TU  
ET IN - CAR - NA - TUS EST DE SPI - RI - TU SANC  
ET IN - CAR - NA - TUS EST DE SPI - RI - TU SAN - CTO EX  
ET IN - CAR - NA - TUS EST, IN - CAR - NA - TUS EST DE SPI - RI - TU SANC

47

SANC - - - - TO EX MA - RI - A VIR -  
- TO EX MA - RI - A VIR - GI -  
- MA - RI - A VIR - GI - NE, MA - RI - A  
- TU SANC - - TO EX MA - RI - A VIR -  
- - - - TO EX MA - RI - A VIR - GI -

49

GI NE: ET HO - - - - MO  
NE: ET HO - MO FAC - TUS EST ET HO - - MO  
VIR - GI - NE: ET HO - MO FAC - TUS EST ET HO - - MO  
GI - NE: ET HO - MO FAC - TUS EST  
NE: ET HO - MO FAC - - - TUS

52

FAC - TUS EST HO - - MO FAC - TUS EST.  
HO - MO FAC - - - TUS EST.  
FAC - TUS EST HO - - MO FAC - - TUS EST.  
ET HO - MO FAC - - TUS EST.  
EST ET HO - MO FAC - - TUS EST.

55

Cru - ci - fix - us e - ti - am pro  
Cru - ci - fix - us e - ti - am pro no - bis: sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la -  
Cru - ci - fix - us e - ti - am pro no - bis: sub Pon - - ti - o Pi -  
Sub

Cru - ci - fix - us e - ti - am pro no - bis: sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la -

58

no - - - bis: sub Pon - ti - o Pi - la - to pas -  
 to pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est. Et  
 la - to pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est. Et re -  
 Pon - ti - o Pi -  
 to pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est. Et re sur - re -

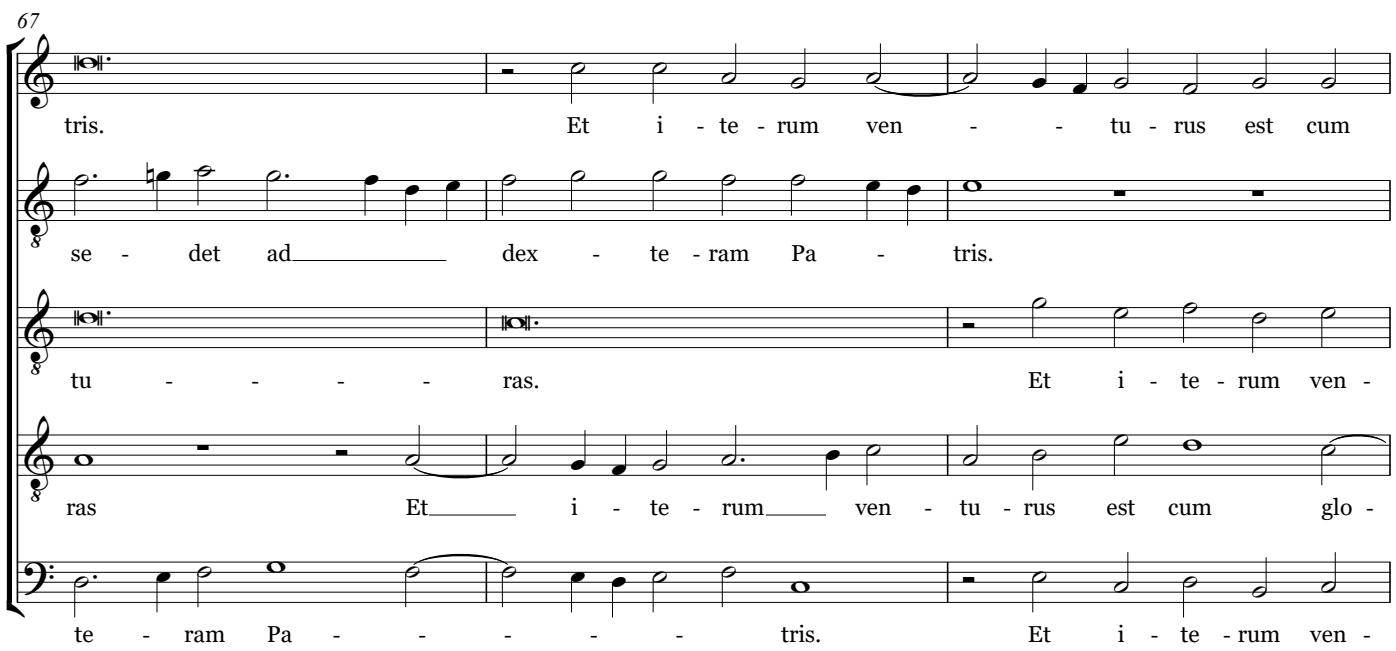
61

sus, et se-pul - tus est. Et re - sur - rex - it ter - ti - a di - e, se -  
 re-sur-re - xit ter - ti - a di - e, se - cun - dum  
 sur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e, se -  
 la - - - - to pas - sus, et se -  
 xit ter - ti - a di - e, se - cun - dum scrip - tu - ras.

64

cun - dus scrip - tu - - ras. Se - det ad dex - te - ram Pa -  
 scrip - tu - - ras. Et a - scen - - dit in - cae - lum:  
 cun - - - - dum scrip -  
 pul - tus est. Et re - sur - re - xit ter - ti - a di - e se - cun dum scrip - tu -  
 Et asc - en - dit in cae - lum: se - det ad dex -

67



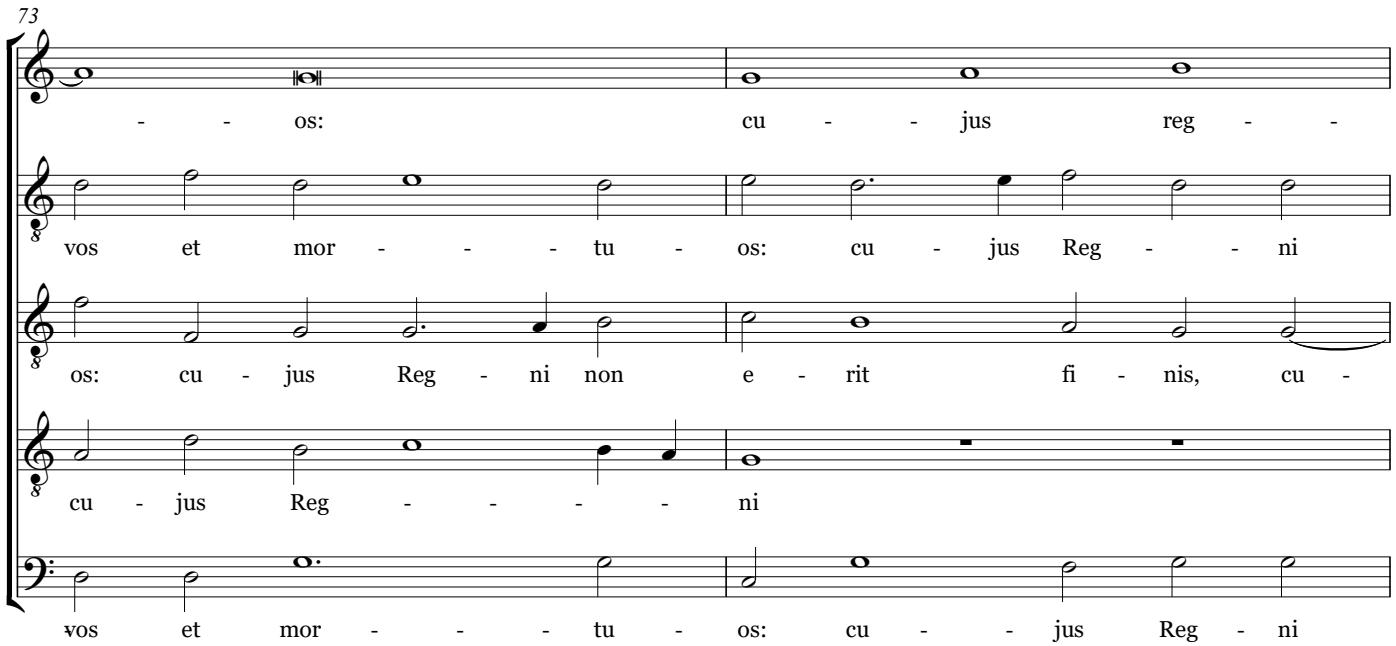
tris. Et i - te - rum ven - tu - rus est cum  
 se - det ad\_\_\_\_dex - te - ram Pa - tris.  
 tu - - - ras. Et i - te - rum ven -  
 ras Et i - te - rum ven - tu - rus est cum glo -  
 te - ram Pa - - - tris. Et i - te - rum ven -

70



glo - ri - a, ju - di - ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu -  
 cum glo - ri - a, ju - di - ca - re vi -  
 tu - rus est cum glo - ri - a, ju - di - ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu -  
 - ri - a, ju - di - ca - re vi - vos et mor - tu - os:  
 tu - rus est cum glo - ti - a, ju - di - ca - re vi -

73



- - os: cu - - jus reg - -  
 vos et mor - - tu - os: cu - - jus Reg - - ni  
 os: cu - - jus Reg - - ni non e - rit fi - - nis, cu -  
 cu - - jus Reg - - ni  
 vos et mor - - tu - os: cu - - jus Reg - - ni

75

ni non e - rit fi - - - nis, fi - - -  
non e - - rit fi - nis, non e - - -  
- jus Reg - ni non e - - - rit  
cu - jus Reg - - - ni non \_\_\_\_\_ e - .

77

nis.

rit fi nis fi nis

fi nis

rit fi nis

fi nis

79

Do - mi - num et vi - vi -

Et in spi - ri - tum sanc - tum, Do - ni - num, et vi - vi - fi -

Et in spi-ri-tum sanc - tum, Do - mi - num, et vi - vi - fi-can - tem: qui ex Pa -

Et in Spi - ri - tum Sanc - tum, Do - mi - num, Do - mi -

82

fi - can - tem: qui cum Pa - tre et  
can - tem:  
Et vi - vi - fi - can - tem: qui ex Pa - tre  
tre et Fi - li -  
num, et vi - vi - fi - can - tem qui ex Pa - tre

85

- dit. Qui cum Pa - tre et fi - li, qui cum Pa -  
li - o que pro - ce - dit. Qui cum Pa -  
qui cum Pa - tre et Fi - li - o, qui cum Pa -  
et Fi - li - o qui pro - ce - dit. Qui cum Pa - tre et  
Fi - li - o que pro - ce - dit. Qui cum Pa -

88

tre et fi - li - o si - mul a - do - ra - tur, et con glo - ri - fi -  
tre et Fi - li - o si - mul a - do - ra - tur, et con glo - ri - fi -  
tre et Fi - li - o si - mul a - do - ra - tur, et con glo - ri - fi -  
Fi - li - o si - mul a - do - ra - tur, et con glo -

tre et Fi - li - o si - mu - la do - ra - tur, et con glo - ri - fi -

91

ca - tur: qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe -  
ca - tur: qui lo - cu - tus est  
ca - tur: qui lo - cu - tus  
ri - fi - ca - tur: Et  
ca - tur: qui lo - cu - tus est per Pro - phe -

94

- tas. Et u - nam sanc - tam ca - tho - li -  
per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam fac - tam ca - tho - li-cam et  
est per Pro - phe - tas. Et u - nam sanc - tam ca -  
u - nam sanc -  
tas. Et u - nam sanc - tam ca - tho - li-cam et

97

cam et A - po - sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si - am. Con -  
a - po - sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si -  
- tho - li - cam et a - po - sto - li - cam E - cle - si -  
tam ca - tho -  
a - po - sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si - am. con - fi - te -

100

fi - te - or u - num bap - tis - ma in  
8 am. In re - mis - si - o nem pec - ca - to -  
8 am. Con - fi - te - or u - num bap - tis - ma in  
li - - - - - cam Ec - - - - -  
or u - num bap - tis - ma in re-mis - si - o - nem pec - ca - to - rum

103

re - mi - si - o nem pec - ca - to - rum. Et ex - pec -  
rum. et ex - pec - to - re sur - rec - ti - o nem mor - tu - o -  
in re - mis - si - o - nem pec - ca - to - rum. Et ex - pec -  
si - - - - - am.  
et ex - pec - to - re sur - rec - ti - o nem mor - tu - o -

106

to Re - su - rec - ti - o - nem Re - su - rec - ti - o - nem mor - tu - o -  
nem mor - tu - o - rum. mor - tu - o - rum. Et vi - - - tam  
to Re - su - rec - ti\* Re - su - rec - ti - o - nem mor - tu - o -  
Et vi - - - tam  
rum, mor - tu - o - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri, et vi - tam

109

112

114

# [S A N C T U S]

Tiple

Altus

Altus

Tenor

Bassus

Sanc - tus, Sanc - tus, Sanc -

Sanc - tus, Sanc - tus, Sanc -

Sanc - tus, Sanc -

Sanc - tus, Sanc -

7

tus Do - mi - nus De - us Sa - ba - oth. Ple -  
mi - nus De - us Sa - ba - oth, Sa - ba - oth. Ple - ni sunt cae - li, ple -  
ni sunt cae - li et ter - rae ter - rae glo - ri - a  
us Sa - ba - oth.

10

ni - sunt cae - li et ter - rae  
ni sunt cae - li et ter - rae glo -  
tu - a glo - ri - a tu - a. O - sa - na in  
Ple - ni sunt cae - li et ter - rae glo - ri - a tu -  
ba - oth.

13

glo - ri - a tu - a. O - sa - na o - sa - na in ex - cel - sis  
ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis O -  
a. O - sa - na in ex - cel - sis O - sa - na in  
Ple - ni sunt ple - ni sunt cae - li et ter - rae glo - ri - a

16

glo - ri - a tu - a. O - sa - na in ex - cel - sis, in ex -

a tu - - - a. O - sa - na in ex - cel - sis

- sa - - - na, O - sa - na in ex -

ex - cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis,

- a tu - a tu - a. O - sa - na in ex - cel -

19

cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis, O - sa - na in

- in ex - cel - sis, O -

cel - sis, in ex - cel - sis,

in ex - cel - sis,

sis, O - - - sa - - - na in ex - cel -

21

ex - cel - - - sis, in ex - cel - - - sis.

- sa - na in ex - cel - sis in ex - cel - sis.

in ex - cel - sis in ex - cel - sis.

cel - - - sis.

sis, O - - - sa - - - na in ex - cel - sis.

# [O S A N A]

Benedictus qui venit in nomine Domini.

Superius in diapason resolutio

Tiple

Altus

Altus

Tenor

Bassus

Altus in unisono

Altus in unisono

Tenor canon in unisono

O - sa - na \_\_\_\_\_

O - sa - na in ex - cel - - -

6

O - sa - na \_\_\_\_\_

in ex - cel - - - sis,

O - sa - na in ex - cel - - -

cel - - sis,

O - - - sis,

O - - - sis,

-sis, O - sa - na in ex - cel - sis, O - sa - na, O - - -

11

cel sis, O - - -

O - - sa na - - in ex - cel - sis, O - - -

sis, O - - - sa - -

- sa - - na - - in ex - cel - sis, O - - - sis,

san - - na in ex - cel - sis, O - - sa - - na

16

sa - - na - - in ex - cel - sis, O - - - san - -

sis, O - - - san - -

- na - - in ex - cel - sis, O - - - sa - - na - -

O - - - sa - - na in ex - cel - sis, O - - sa - - na

21

Ex - cel - sis.

na in ex - cel - sis.

in ex - cel - sis.

in ex - cel - sis.

O - - sa - - na in ex - cel - sis.

# [A G N U S      D E I]

Tiple

Altus

Altus

Tenor

Bassus

The musical score consists of five staves. The first staff (Tiple) has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff (Altus) has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff (Altus) has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff (Tenor) has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff (Bassus) has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. All staves are in 6/2 time. The vocal parts sing the words "Agnus Dei" in a repeating pattern.

4

The continuation of the musical score starts with a repeat sign and the number 4 above the staff. The vocal parts continue to sing the words "Agnus Dei" and other Latin phrases such as "qui tolis pecca - ta mun - di" and "pec ca - di". The music remains in 6/2 time with a treble clef and one sharp throughout.

7

ca - ta mun - di, pec - ca - ta mun - di A -

ca - ta - mun - di, mi - se - re - re no - - -

gnus De - i qui to - lis A - gnus De - i

-ta mun - di, A - gnus De - i, A - gnus De -

i qui to - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di

10

gnus De - i, qui to - lis pec - ca - ta

bis A - gnus De - i, qui tol - - -

A - gnus De - i, qui to - lis pec - ca -

i, qui to - lis qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di,

A - gnus De - i A -

13

mun - di, A - gnus De - i qui to -

lis pec - ca - ta mun - di,

-ta mun - di, mi - se - re - re no - bis qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun -

pec - ca - ta mun - di, mi - se - re - re no - bis, A - gnus

- gnus De - i, qui to - lis pec -



